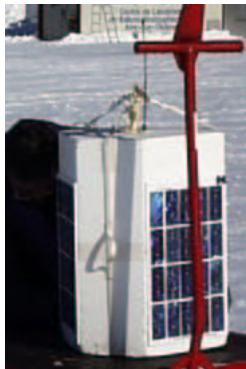


**Some results on stratospheric dynamics
obtained with the pre-VORCORE observations**

Albert Hertzog

François Vial, Claude Basdevant, Roberto Mechoso, Philippe Cocquerez

Bernard Briot and colleagues, CNES/BA



Presentation plan

Superpressure balloons (global, nice resolution, isopycnic) to get information:

1. on stratospheric dynamics over a large range of scales
2. to assess temperature fluctuations for microphysical studies
3. to quantify how reliable are various (re)analyses
4. to study transport and mixing

Framework of studies

3 technological campaigns aimed at preparing the **Vorcore** campaign:

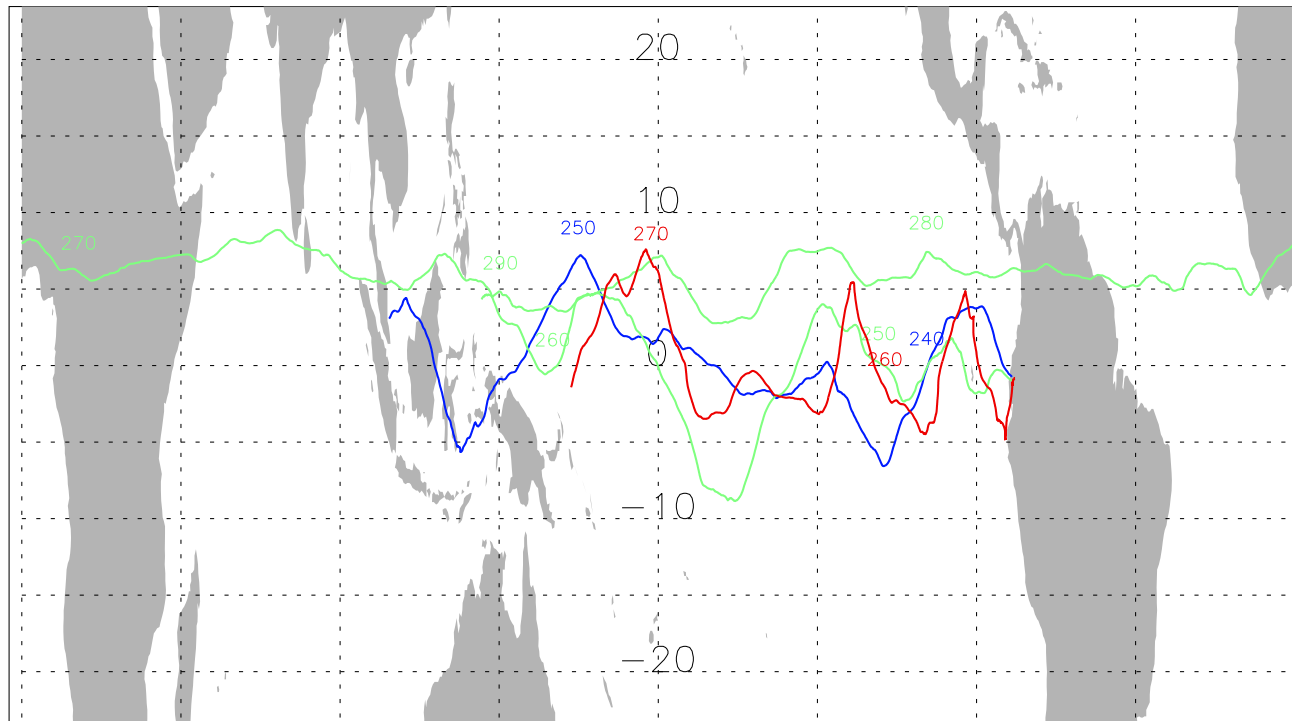
- **Ecuador 1998**: 3 LD flights (21, 47, 24 days)
- **Kiruna 2001**: 3 LD flights (24, 70(?), 19 days)
- **Kiruna 2002**: 6 LD flights (11, 29, 14, 8, 11, 43 days)

with **meteorological gondolas**:

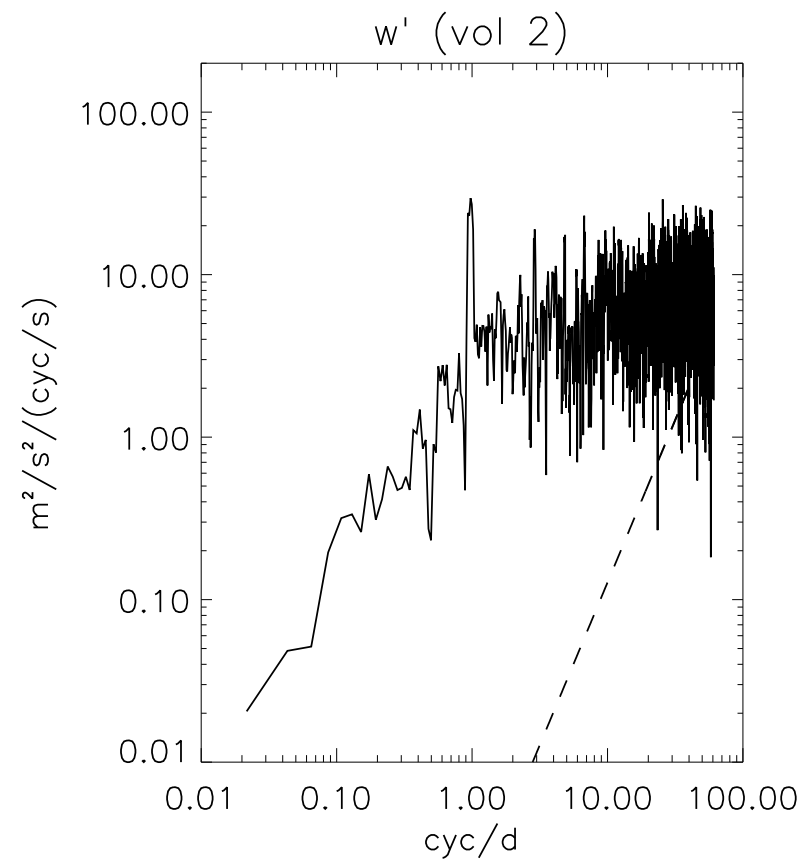
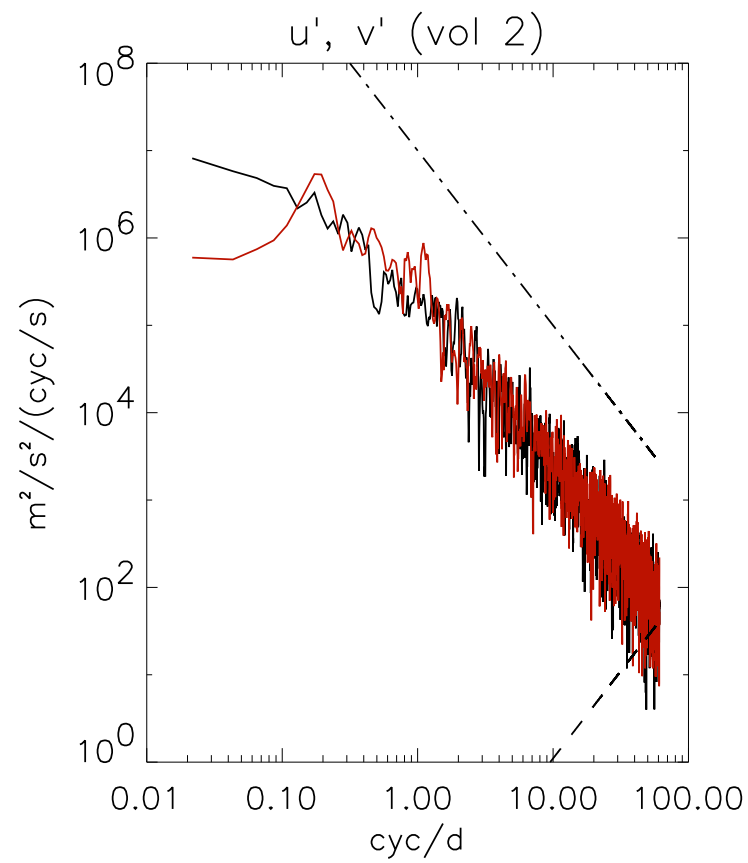
- temperature, pressure, wind
- 12/15 minutes

Ecuador campaign: trajectories

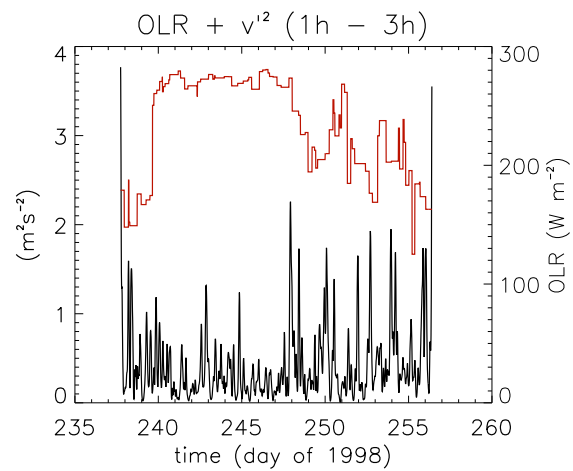
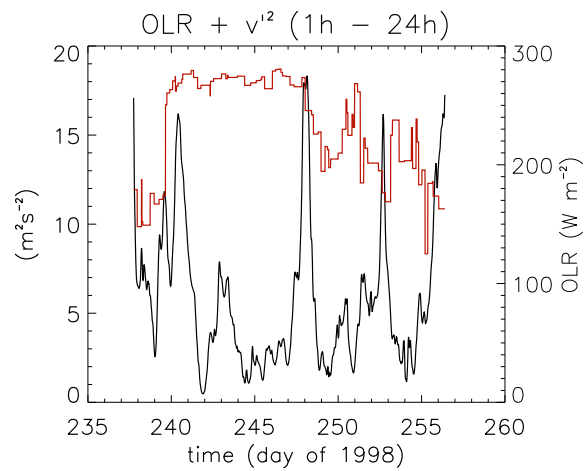
September-October 1998, 60 hPa, 20 km



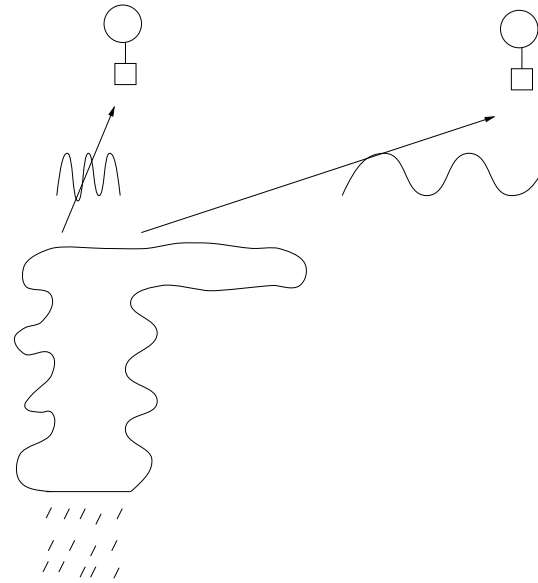
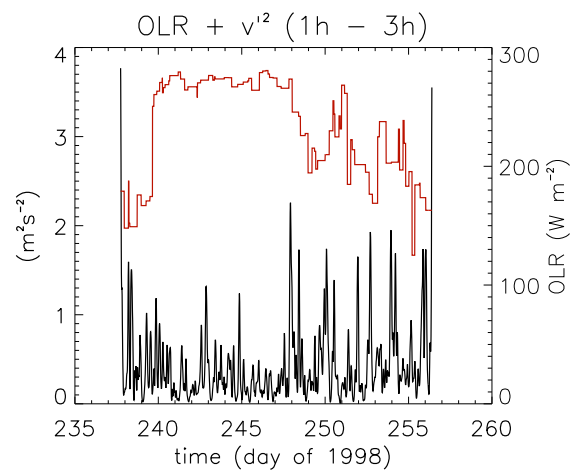
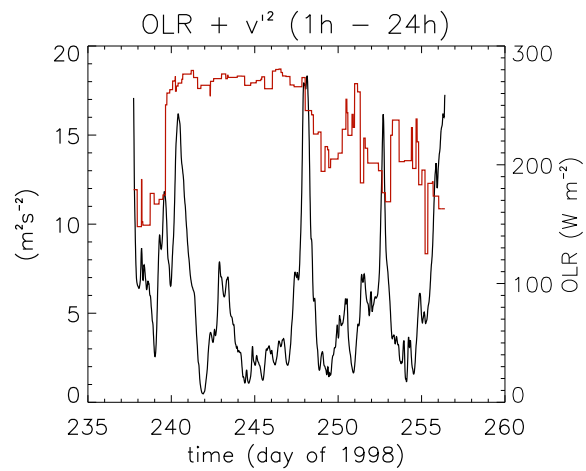
Wind Spectra



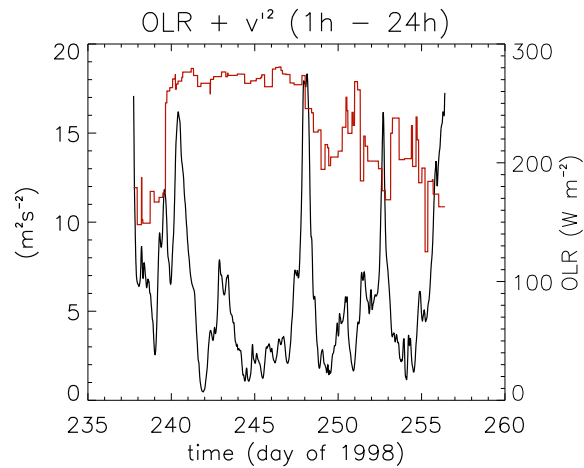
Gravity-wave variability



Gravity-wave variability

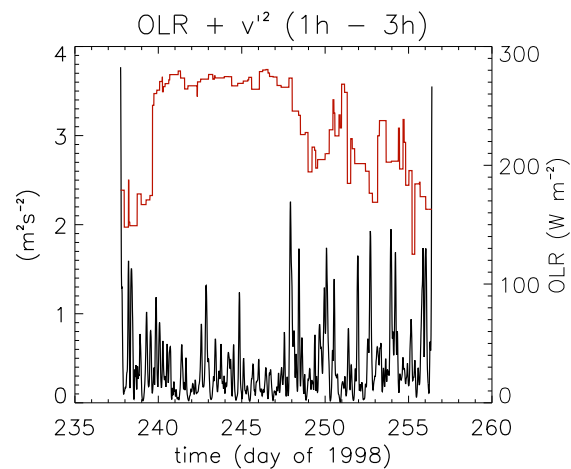


Gravity-wave variability



All waves: [1 h; 24 h[

OLR	< 250 W m^{-2}	> 250 W m^{-2}
Flight 1	8.2	7.0
Flight 2	6.7	8.1



Short waves: [1 h; 3 h[

OLR	< 250 W m^{-2}	> 250 W m^{-2}
Flight 1	0.78	0.44
Flight 2	0.66	0.38

Eliassen-Palm flux

Gravity Waves [1 h; 24 h]

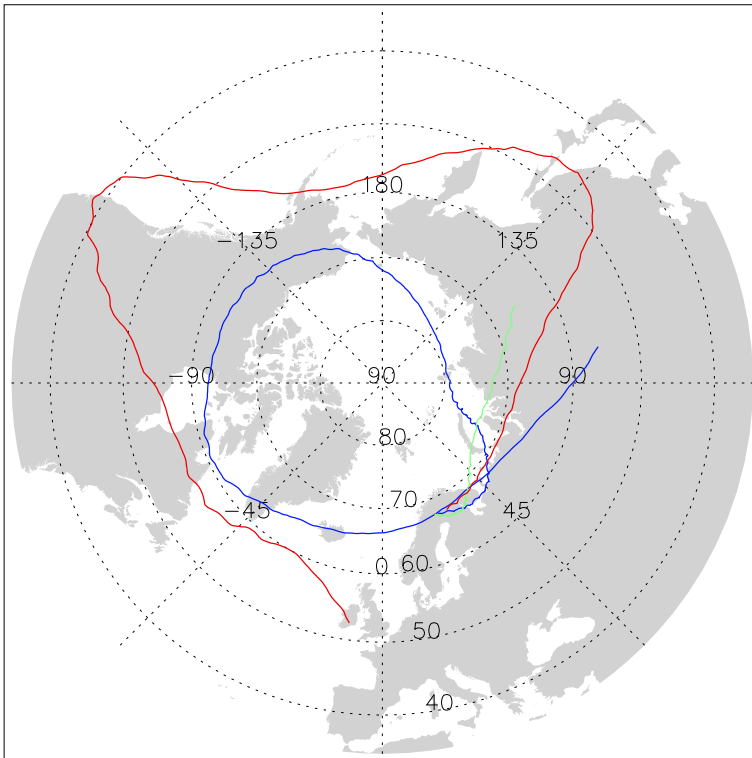
10^{-3} J/kg	$\overline{u'w'}^+$	$\overline{u'w'}^-$	$\overline{u'w'}$	$\overline{u'w'}^+ - \overline{u'w'}^-$
whole flight	7	− 6	1	12
Pacific Ocean	5	− 5	− 1	10
Indonesia	15	− 10	5	26

Rossby-gravity waves

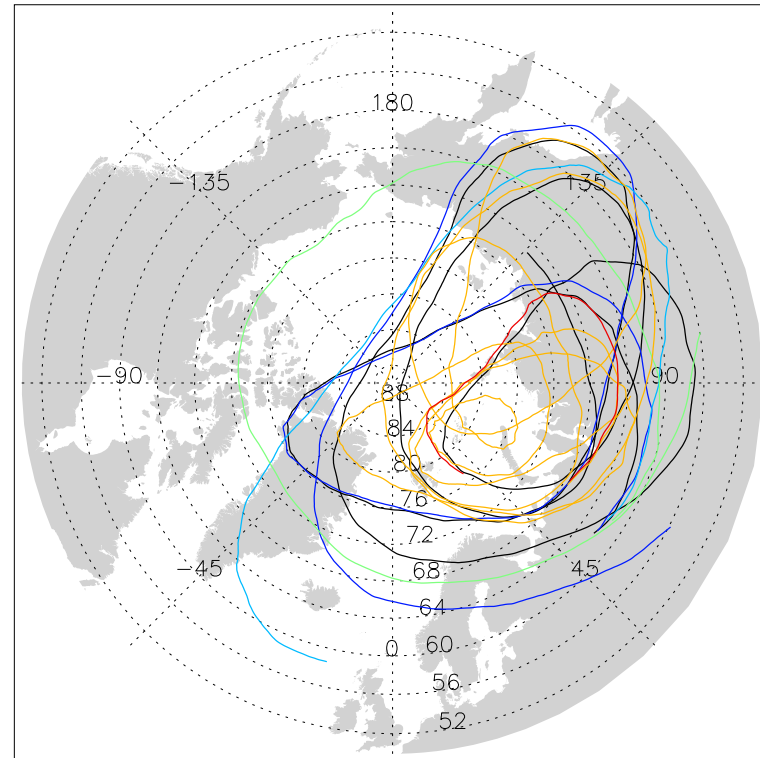
$$f \overline{v'\theta'} / \bar{\theta}_z - \overline{u'w'} = 1 - 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ J/kg}$$

Kiruna trajectories

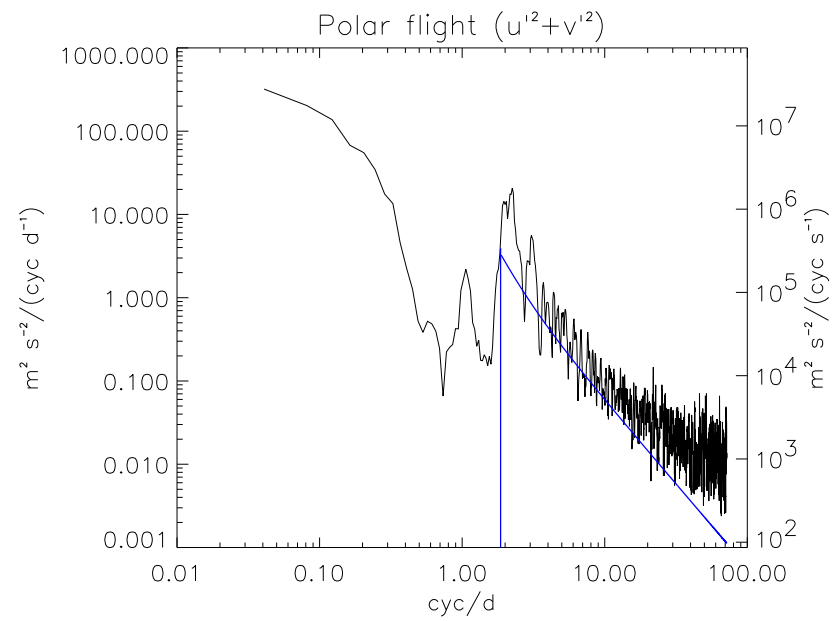
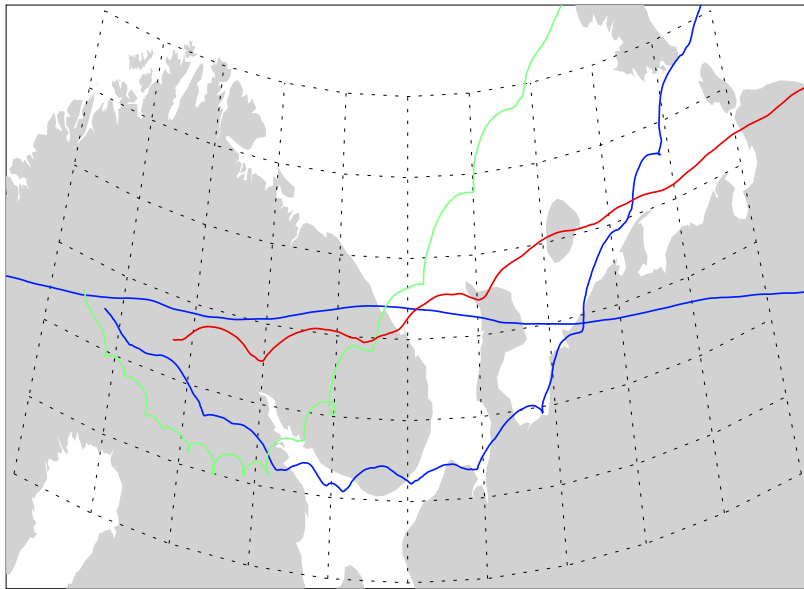
Winter 2001, 3 flights



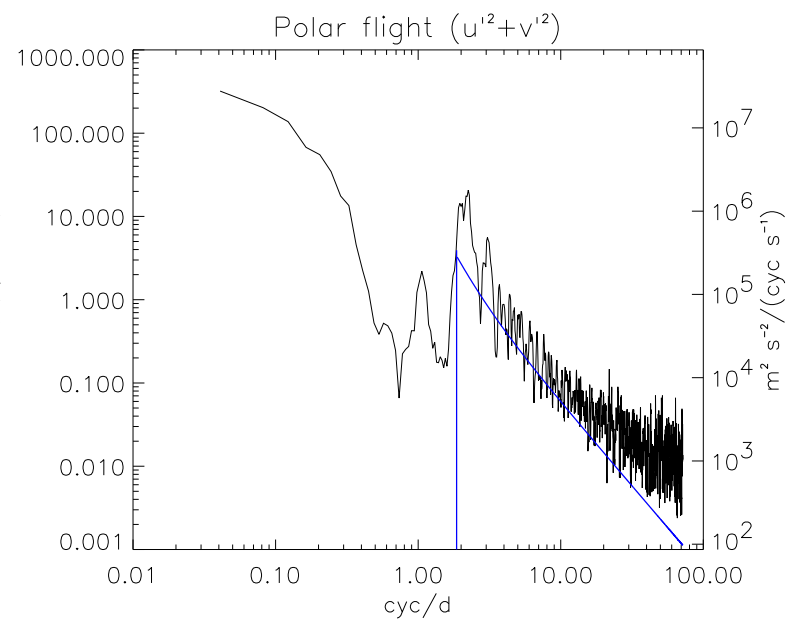
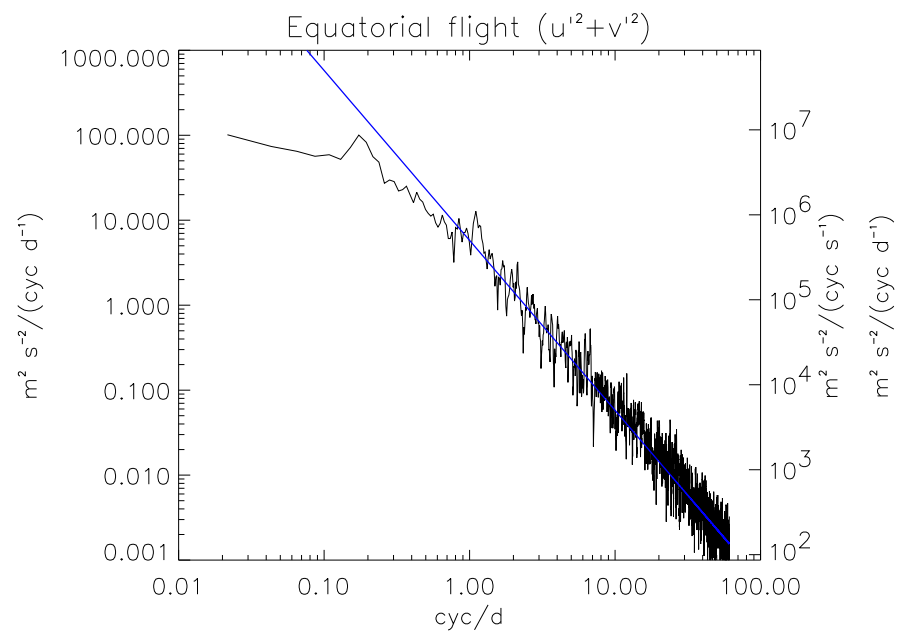
Winter 2002, 6 flights



Inertia-gravity waves

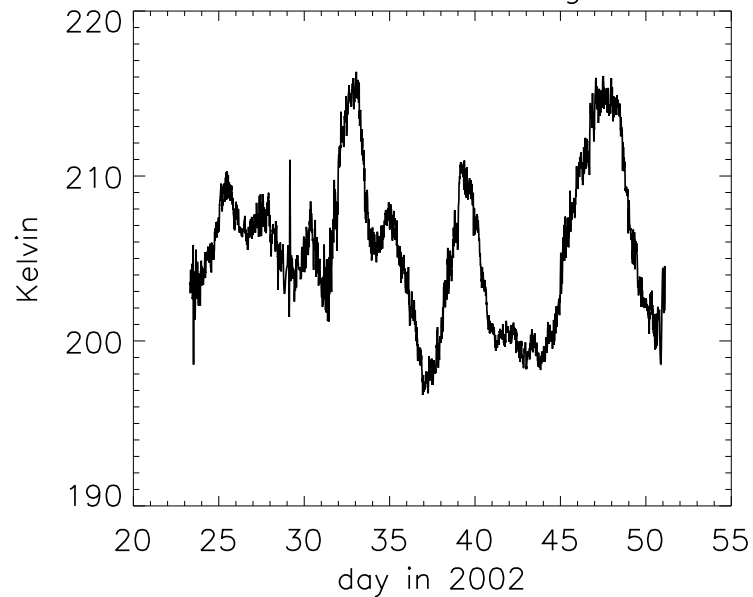


Inertia-gravity waves



Temperature fluctuations

Raw T record of SPB1 flight in 2002



Temperature differences along SPB flights:

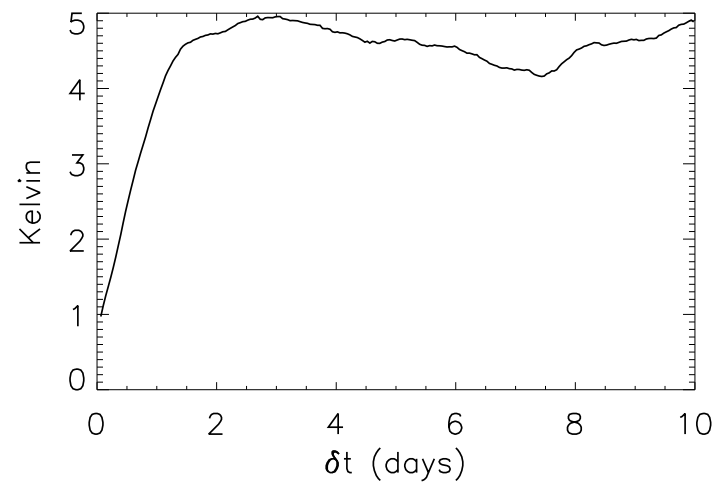
$$\Delta T(\delta t) = \langle T(t + \delta t) - T(t) \rangle$$

with δt varying between 1 hour and 10 days.

Temperature fluctuations

Temperature differences

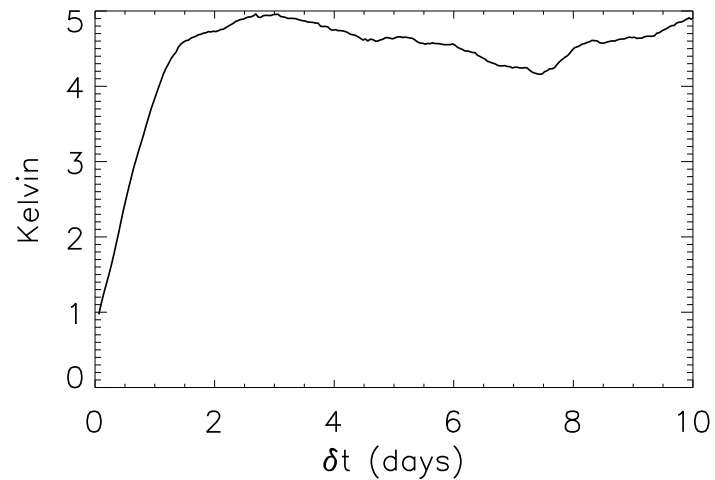
Standard deviation of
temperature differences ($\langle \Delta T \rangle_{\text{rms}}$)
along the SPB trajectories



Temperature fluctuations

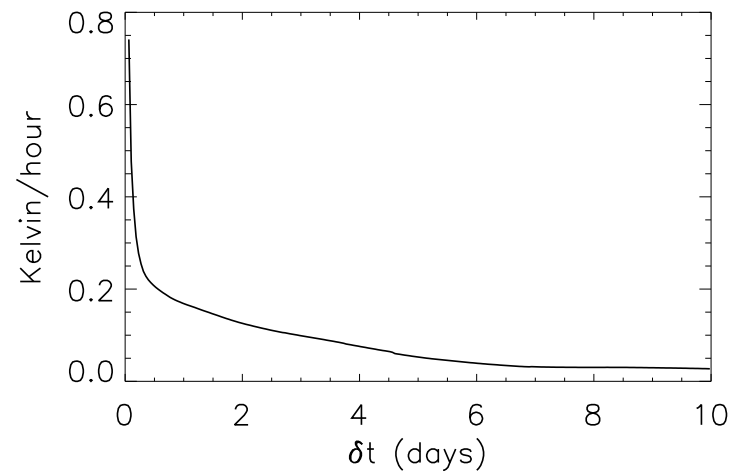
Temperature differences

Standard deviation of temperature differences ($\langle \Delta T \rangle_{rms}$) along the SPB trajectories



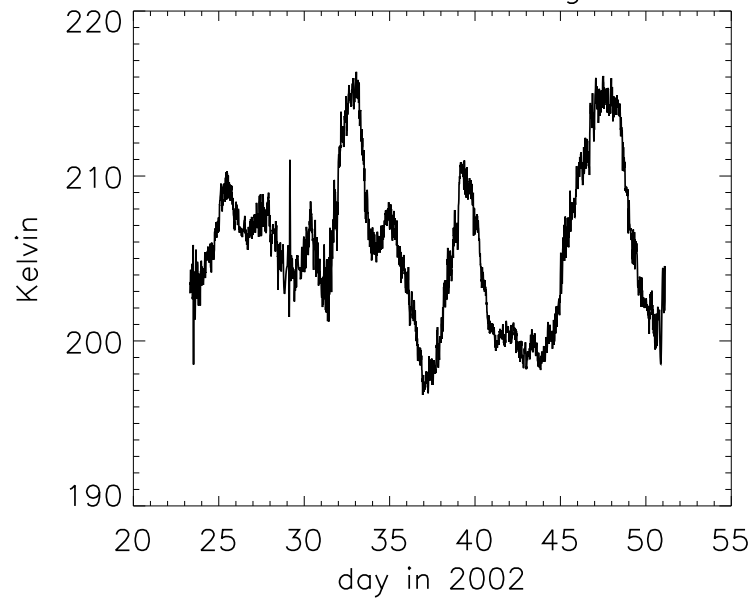
Heating/cooling rates

Standard deviation of heating/cooling rates ($\langle \Delta T / \delta t \rangle_{rms}$) along the SPB trajectories

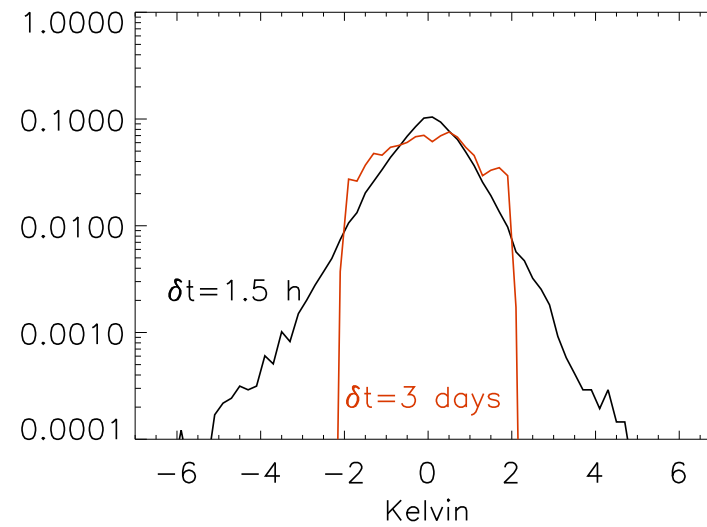


Temperature fluctuations

Raw T record of SPB1 flight in 2002



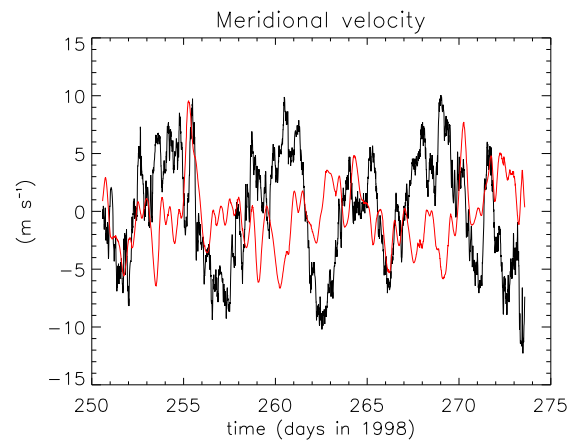
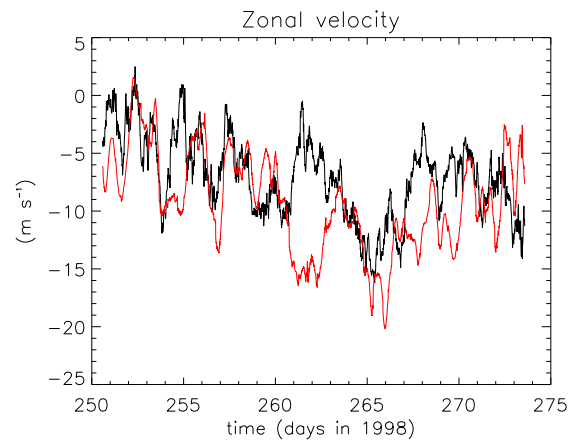
Rescaled PDF of $\Delta T(\delta t)$
along the SPB trajectories



Accuracy of stratospheric analyses

Equatorial Flight

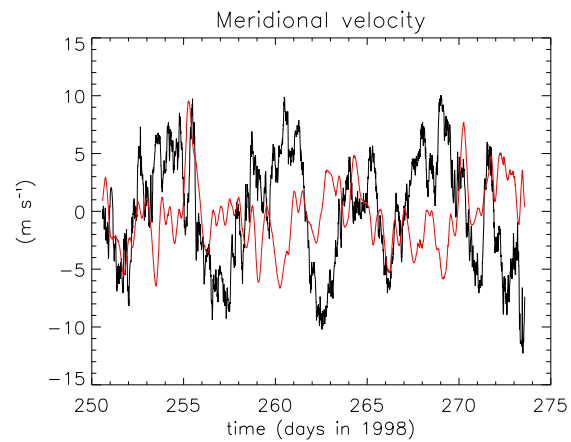
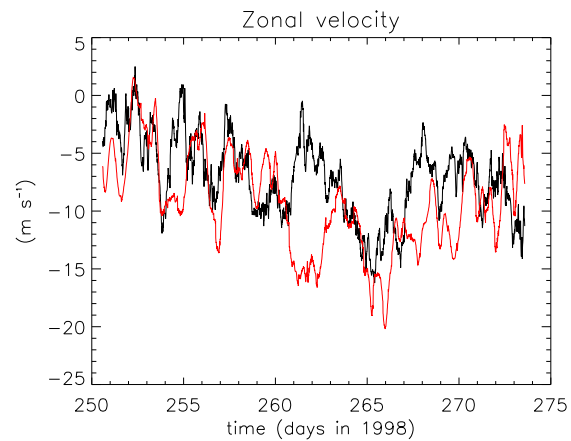
Observations/ECMWF



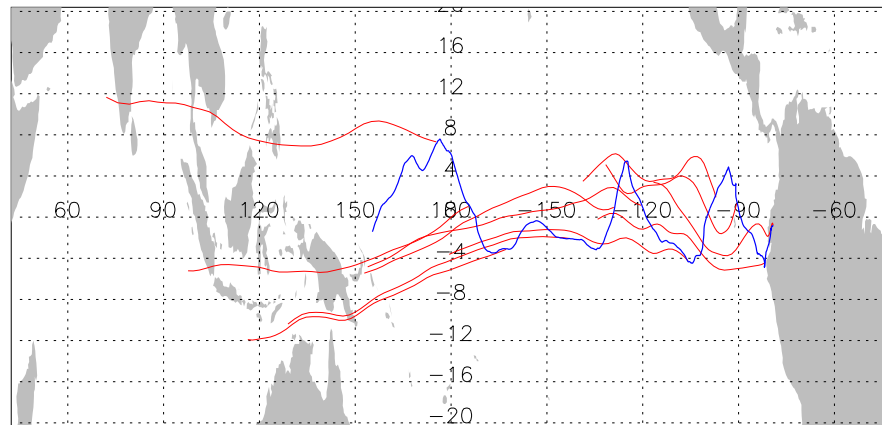
Accuracy of stratospheric analyses

Equatorial Flight

Observations/ECMWF



Observations/NCEP

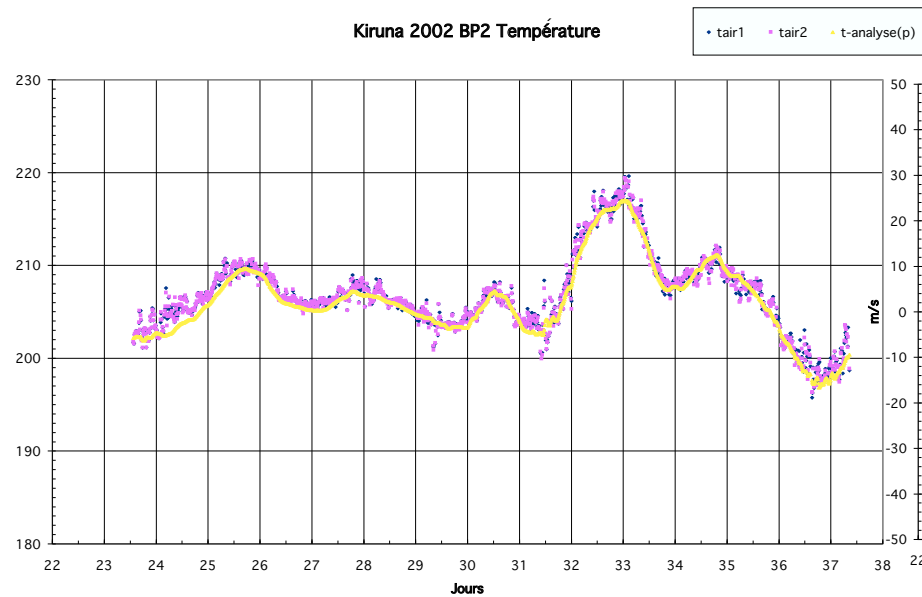


Accuracy of stratospheric analyses

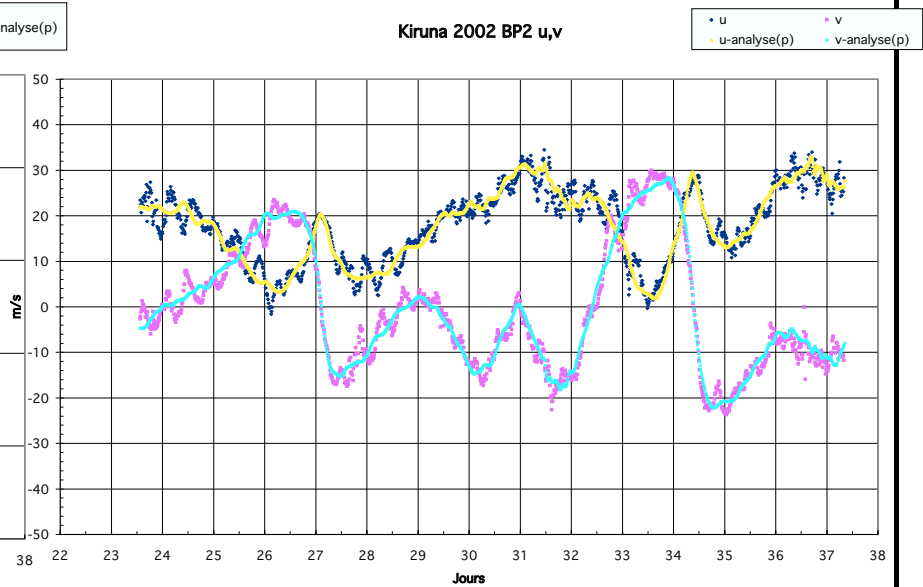
Polar Flight

Observations/ECMWF

Kiruna 2002 BP2 Température



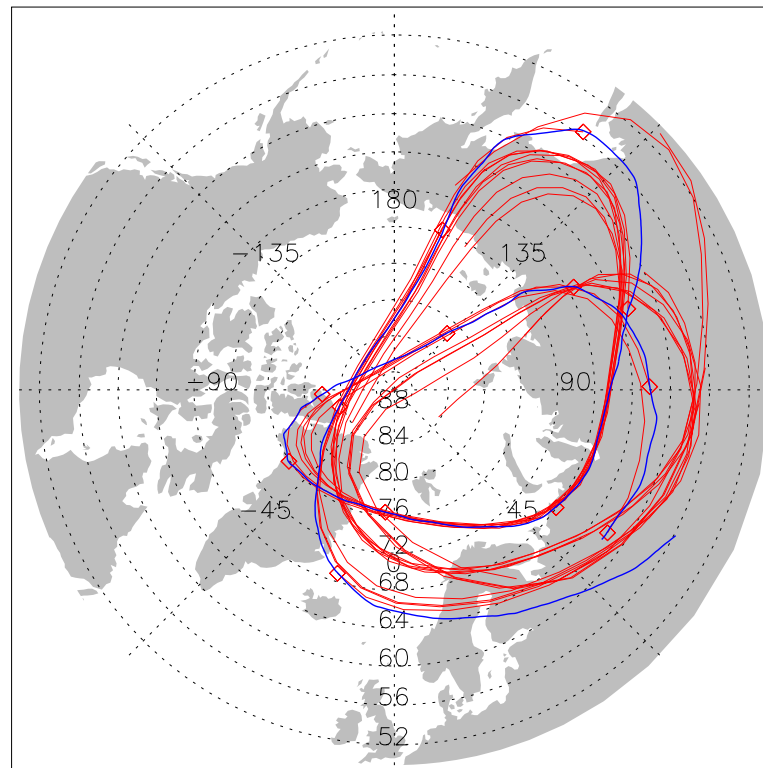
Kiruna 2002 BP2 u,v



Accuracy of stratospheric analyses

Polar Flight

Observations/NCEP



Conclusions

Super-pressure balloons

- global, high accuracy
- wave activity, model validation, microphysical studies
- quasi-lagrangian: transport, mixing (tracer: water vapor, methane)

